## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended): A transflective liquid crystal display device, comprising:

a substrate having <u>a light-blocking portion</u>, a reflective portion and a transmissive

portion, a pixel region being defined to include the reflective and transmissive portions;

a gate line on the substrate;

a data line crossing the gate line and defining a pixel region;

a thin film transistor connected to the gate line and the data line and including a gate electrode, an active layer, and source and drain electrodes, the thin film transistor and the drain

electrodes electrode on the light-blocking portion and not overlapping the pixel region;

a plurality of uneven patterns consisting of a first organic material layer within the reflective portion, the uneven patterns partially covering the substrate;

a second organic material layer on the first organic material layer, the second organic

material layer having an open portion at the transmissive portion;

a reflective layer on the second organic material layer having a transmissive hole at the

open portion, the reflective layer disposed on the pixel region and not overlapping a region

covered by the active layer, the gate electrode, the source electrode and the drain electrode;

a pixel electrode on the reflective layer;

an opposing substrate facing the substrate; and

a common electrode on an inner surface of the opposing substrate, the common electrode

being substantially flat.

Docket No.: 053785-5120

Page 3 of 14

2. (Original): The device according to claim 1, wherein the first and second organic material

layers are formed from a photosensitive material.

3. (Original): The device according to claim 2, wherein the photosensitive material comprises a

photo-acrylic resin.

4. (Original): The device according to claim 1, further comprising an inorganic material layer

covering the gate line, the data line, and the thin film transistor.

5. (Original): The device according to claim 4, wherein the inorganic material layer is formed of

one of silicon nitride and silicon oxide.

6-7. (Canceled).

8. (Previously Presented): The device according to claim 1, further comprising a gate pad

connected to the gate line, a data pad connected to the data line, and a capacitor electrode

overlapping the gate line.

9. (Original): The device according to claim 8, wherein the second organic material layer has a

drain contact hole exposing the drain electrode, a capacitor contact hole exposing the capacitor

Docket No.: 053785-5120

Page 4 of 14

electrode, a gate pad contact hole exposing the gate pad, and a data pad contact hole exposing the

data pad.

10. (Currently Amended): A transflective liquid crystal display device, comprising:

first and second substrates facing into and spaced apart from each other, the first and

second substrates having a light-blocking portion, a reflective portion and a transmissive portion,

a pixel region being defined to include the reflective and transmissive portions;

a gate line on an inner surface of the first substrate;

a data line crossing the gate line and defining a pixel region;

a thin film transistor connected to the gate line and the data line and including a gate

electrode, an active layer, and source and drain electrodes, the drain electrodes electrode on the

light-blocking portion and not overlapping the pixel region;

a first organic material layer in the pixel region, the first organic material layer having a

plurality of uneven patterns at the reflective portion;

a second organic material layer on the first organic material layer, the second organic

material layer having an open portion at the transmissive portion;

a reflective layer on the second organic material layer having a transmissive hole

corresponding to the open portion, the reflective layer disposed on the pixel region and not

overlapping a region covered by the active layer, the gate electrode, the source electrode and the

drain electrode;

a pixel electrode on the reflective layer;

Docket No.: 053785-5120

Page 5 of 14

a common electrode on an inner surface of the second substrate, the common electrode

being substantially flat; and

a liquid crystal layer between the pixel electrode and the common electrode,

wherein the pixel electrode and the common electrode are separated by a first cell gap in

the transmissive portion, and a second cell gap in the reflective portion, and the first cell gap is

twice greater than the second cell gap.

11. (Previously Presented): The device according to claim 10, wherein the uneven patterns have

a height equal to or less than the second cell gap.

12. (Currently Amended): A method of fabricating a transflective liquid crystal display device,

comprising:

forming a gate line on a substrate having a light-blocking portion, a reflective portion and

a transmissive portion, a pixel region being defined to include the reflective and transmissive

portions;

forming a data line crossing the gate line and defining a pixel region;

forming a thin film transistor connected to the gate line and the data line and including a

gate electrode, an active layer, and source and drain electrodes, the drain electrodes electrode on

the light-blocking portion and not overlapping the pixel region;

forming a first photosensitive organic material layer on the substrate;

Docket No.: 053785-5120

Page 6 of 14

forming a plurality of uneven patterns consisting of a first organic layer within the

reflective portion by performing an exposure and development process on the first photosensitive

organic material layer, the uneven patterns partially covering the substrate;

forming a second photosensitive organic material layer on the substrate including the first

organic material layer;

forming a second organic material layer having an open portion corresponding to the

transmissive portion by performing an exposure and development process on the second

photosensitive organic material layer;

forming a reflective layer on the second photosensitive organic material layer having a

transmissive hole corresponding to the open portion, the reflective layer disposed on the pixel

region and not overlapping a region covered by the active layer, the gate electrode, the source

electrode and the drain electrode;

forming a pixel electrode on the reflective layer; and

forming a common electrode on an opposing substrate facing the substrate, wherein the

common electrode is substantially flat.

13. (Original): The method according to claim 12, wherein the first and second photosensitive

material layers are formed of a photo-acrylic resin.

14. (Original): The method according to claim 12, further comprising forming an inorganic

material layer covering the gate line, the data line, and the thin film transistor.

Docket No.: 053785-5120

Page 7 of 14

15. (Original): The method according to claim 14, wherein the inorganic material layer is

formed of one of silicon nitride and silicon oxide.

16. (Canceled).

17. (Original): The method according to claim 12, further comprising forming a gate pad

connected to the gate line, a data pad connected to the data line, and a capacitor electrode

overlapping the gate line.

18. (Original): The method according to claim 17, wherein the second organic material layer

comprises a drain contact hole exposing the drain electrode, a capacitor contact hole exposing

the capacitor electrode, a gate pad contact hole exposing the gate pad, and a data pad contact

hole exposing the data pad.

19. (Currently Amended): A method of fabricating a transflective liquid crystal display device,

comprising:

forming a gate line on a first substrate having a light-blocking portion, a reflective

portion and a transmissive portion, a pixel region being defined to include the reflective and

transmissive portions;

forming a data line crossing the gate line and defining a pixel region;

forming a thin film transistor connected to the gate line and the data line and including a gate electrode, an active layer, and source and drain electrodes, the drain electrodes electrode on the light-blocking portion and not overlapping the pixel region;

forming a first photosensitive organic material layer on the first substrate;

forming a first organic material layer having a plurality of uneven patterns at the reflective portion by performing an exposure and development process on the first photosensitive organic material layer;

forming a second photosensitive organic material layer on the first substrate having the first organic material layer;

forming a second organic material layer having an open portion corresponding to the transmissive portion by performing an exposure and development process on the second photosensitive organic material layer;

forming a reflective layer on the second organic material layer having a transmissive hole corresponding to the open portion, the reflective layer disposed on the pixel region and not overlapping a region covered by the active layer, the gate electrode, the source electrode and the drain electrode;

forming a pixel electrode on the reflective layer;

forming a common electrode on a second substrate, wherein the common electrode is substantially flat;

attaching the first and second substrates to each other; and

forming a liquid crystal layer between the pixel electrode and the common electrode,

wherein the pixel electrode and the common electrode are separated by a first cell gap in the transmissive portion and a second cell gap in the reflective portion, and the first cell gap is twice greater than the second cell gap.

20. (Original): The method according to claim 19, wherein the plurality of uneven patterns are formed to have a height equal to or less than the second cell gap.

21. (Currently Amended): A transflective liquid crystal display device, comprising:

a substrate having <u>a light-blocking portion</u>, a reflective portion and a transmissive portion, a pixel region being defined to include the reflective and transmissive portions;

- a gate line on the substrate;
- a data line crossing the gate line and defining a pixel region;
- a thin film transistor connected to the gate line and the data line and including a gate electrode, an active layer, and source and drain electrodes, the drain electrodes electrode on the light-blocking portion and not overlapping the pixel region;

an inorganic material layer covering the entire surface of the substrate including the gate line, the data line, and the thin film transistor;

a plurality of uneven patterns covering portions of the inorganic material layer within the reflective portion excluding a peripheral portion of the pixel region, the uneven patterns consisting of a first organic material;

Application No.: 10/603,990 Docket No.: 053785-5120

Page 10 of 14

a second organic material layer covering the first organic material layer and the uncovered portions of the inorganic material layer, the second organic material layer having an open portion at the transmissive portion; and

a reflective layer on the second organic material layer having a transmissive hole at the open portion, the reflective layer disposed on the pixel region and not overlapping a region covered by the active layer, the gate electrode, the source electrode and the drain electrode;

a pixel electrode on the reflective layer;

an opposing substrate facing the substrate; and

a common electrode on an inner surface of the opposing substrate, the common electrode being substantially flat.